

# Large File Ingest and Retrieval

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Large files can be uploaded via the [REST API](#). Transfer times for uploading to the repository via the REST API are about the same as copying using [NFS](#), and moderately faster than using [SCP](#).

Java command-line options and System properties can be used

- `-Xmx2048m` – maximum memory Java can use
- `-Dfcrepo.home=/path/to/data` – set the directory for permanent data
- `-Djava.io.tmpdir=/path/to/tmpdir` – set the directory for temp files. Data uploaded via the REST API is written to a temp file in this directory, so this directory should have enough free space for the largest files you will upload. (⚠️ if running under tomcat, tomcat replaces your `java.io.tmpdir` with the value of `CATALINA_TMPDIR`, so you should set that environment variable instead)

## Ingesting Large Files via the REST API

Based on the tests below, we believe arbitrarily-large files can be ingested and downloaded via the REST API (tested up to 1TB). The only apparent limitations are disk space available to store the files, and a sufficiently large Java heap size.

- Platform: [lib-devsandbox1.ucsd.edu](#) (all data on NAS to handle large files)
- Repository Profile: [Minimal](#)
- Workflow Profile: [Upload/Download Roundtrip](#)

File Size	Upload	Download
256GB	3h51m34s (18.87MB/sec)	43m09s (101.25MB/sec)
512GB	7h49m43s (18.60MB/sec)	1h29m15s (97.90MB/sec)
1TB	15h41m21s (18.57MB/sec)	3h21m44s (86.63MB/sec)

## Direct Comparison of Different Transfer Methods

Based on the tests below, we believe arbitrarily-large files can be uploaded and downloaded via the REST API, using either repository storage or a federated filesystem (tested up to 1TB). The only apparent limitations are disk space available to store the files, temp directory capacity, and a sufficiently large Java heap size.

- Platform: [lib-devsandbox1.ucsd.edu](#) (all data on NAS to handle large files)
- Repository Profile: [Federation](#)
- Workflow Profile: [Repository/Federation/NFS/SCP Comparison](#)

## Comparison of Upload and Download Times for Different Transfer Methods

Transfer Method	File Size	Upload	Download
REST API (Federated)	1TB	732 min (84 GB/sec)	246 min (250 GB/sec)
REST API (Repository)	1TB	339 min (181 GB/sec)	250 min (246 GB/sec)
SCP	1TB	383 min (160 GB/sec)	
NFS	1TB	336 min (183 GB/sec)	

## Copying Files Between Federated Filesystem and Repository Storage

Source	Destination	File Size	Copy Time
Repository storage	Federated filesystem	1TB	402 min (153 GB/sec)
Federated filesystem	Repository storage	1TB	345 min (178 GB/sec)

## Range Retrieval

Retrieving a byte range is supported and has been tested with 1TB files for both repository storage and federated filesystem. There is an integration test in the standard test suite for verifying that range retrieval works. By default, this test uses a small binary size to avoid slowing down the test suite, but the size is configurable so it is easy for a developer to test files as large as local disk space allows.