Discovering Ontologies And Instance Data

RareMat Meeting | 2018.01.11 | Columbia University

Why is reuse important?

Without reuse of shared models and reuse of instance data from those shared models, there is no "linked data".

Not to mention... ontology engineering is expensive. :)

Reuse: Identify your collaborators and their data models.

- What data do you want to consume or integrate with?
 - Is the modeling for those datasets good enough to meet your prioritized use cases?
 - Or do you need to extend it?
 - Or engage to influence changes for the better?

Reuse: SKOS is Ubiquitous in GLAM's

- Central is the SKOS is the skos:Concept
 - conceptualizations in a particular scheme to build thesauri (similar semantics as Authority Records)
- Strategically limited semantics
 - broader/narrower
 - pref/alt labels
 - alignment properties, like skos:closeMatch
 - skos:inScheme

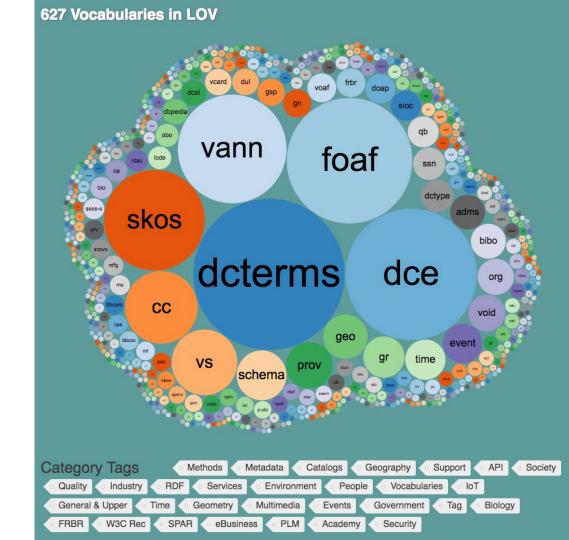
Tools

Example of an Instance Data Discovery Tool:
 Lotus from the LOD Laundromat

- Examples of Ontology Discovery Tools:
 - <u>Linked Open Vocabularies</u> (LOV, cross domain)
 - <u>Bioportal</u> (began with a Biomedical Focus, but expanding)

Definitions shared on the web

http://lov.okfn.org/dataset/lov/



Navigating LOV: Searching for Vocabularies



VOCABS

TERMS

AGENTS

SPARQL/DUMP



family



plink - PersonLink Ontology

http://cedric.cnam.fr/isid/ontologies/PersonLink.owl

A Multilingual and Multicultural Ontology Representing Family Relationships. @en

prov - W3C PROVenance Interchange

http://www.w3.org/ns/prov#

The namespace name http://www.w3.org/ns/prov# is intended for use with the PROV family of documents that support the interchange of provenance on the web. @en

rdac - RDA Classes

http://rdaregistry.info/Elements/c

The Classes element set consists of classes representing the RDA entities, including Work, Expression, Manifestation, Item, Person, Family, Corporate Body, and Agent. @en

xhv - XHTML Vocabulary

http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/vocab

III.D.//www.wo.org/1999/Allini/vocab



vocabulary (7)

property/class >

agent >

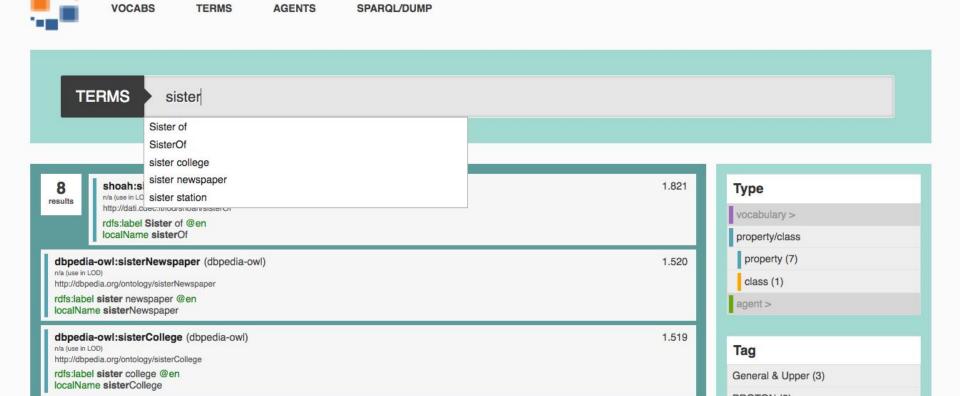
Tag

FRBR (2)

People (2)

API (1)

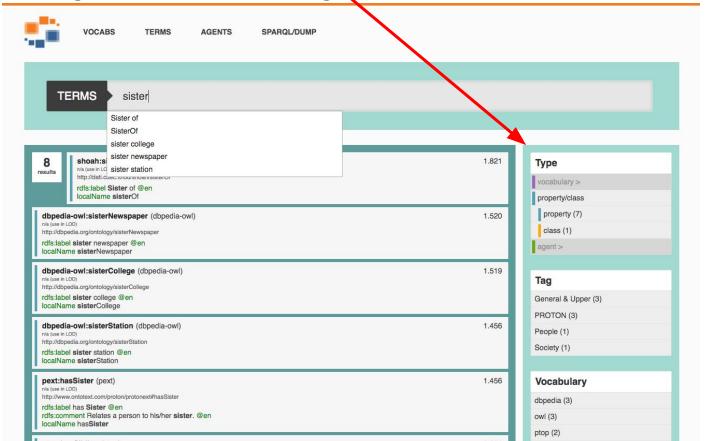
Navigating LOV: Searching for Specific Terms



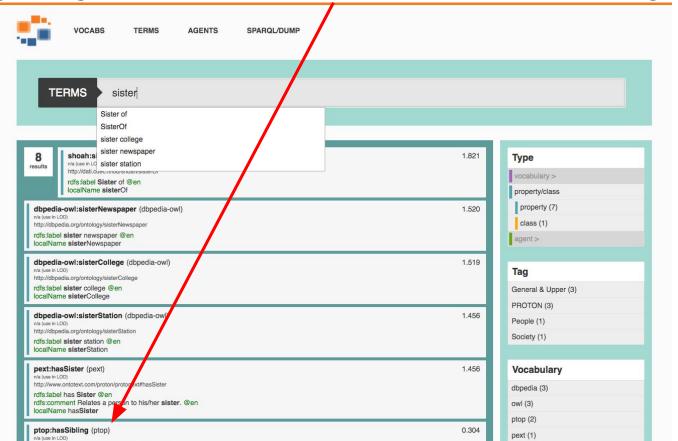
Navigating LOV: Searching for Ontologies by Agents



Navigating LOV: Faceting



Navigating LOV: Context for Decision Making

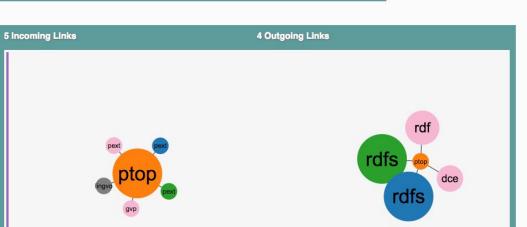


Navigating LOV: Context for Decision Making

PROTON (Proto Ontology), Top Module (ptop)

A Problem while dereferencing or parsing the vocabulary





As an Ontology Owner: Registering New Ontologies

- http://lov.okfn.org/dataset/lov/suggest
 - Supply an ontology URI that LOV can then index
- http://lov.okfn.org/Recommendations_Vocabulary_Design.pdf
 - Guidelines for metadata *about the ontology*
 - Title
 - Version URIs, version information, modifications
 - Creators, rights, licenses
- http://biblio.ontoportal.org/
 - New initiative coming out of LD4P
 - Based on same infrastructure as BioPortal

Readings on LOV & Reuse

Discovery/Evaluation Ontologies for Reuse

- non-Academic description of Linked Open Vocabularies:
 - http://ercim-news.ercim.eu/en96/special/linked-open-vocabularies
- Academic Article on LOV:
 - http://www.semantic-web-journal.net/system/files/swj1127.pdf
- Very Academic Article on Ontology Reuse (available through Hollis):
 - Survey on Common Strategies of Vocabulary Reuse in Linked Open Data Modeling: http://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-3-319-07443-6_31

Discovering Linked Data (Instance Data) for Reuse

- Academic Article on LOTUS: http://ceur-ws.org/Vol-1426/paper-06.pdf
- From DLib's In Brief section: Identifier Hubs: OCLC Launches New Person Entity Lookup
 Pilot: http://www.dlib.org/dlib/november15/11inbrief.html

Reuse isn't easy

Reasons one might not reuse from an existing model

- A definition isn't what is needed, often a judgement call
 - Terms might have a looser definition than is desired... possible candidate for reuse with an application profile.
 - Properties may have unwanted entailments... some are more critical than others
- Lack of trust in the sustainability of the ontology maintainers
- Lack of trust in the versioning practices by ontology maintainers

Discovering Linked Data (Instance Data) for Reuse

- Academic Article on LOTUS: http://ceur-ws.org/Vol-1426/paper-06.pdf
- From DLib's In Brief section: Identifier Hubs: OCLC Launches New Person Entity Lookup Pilot: http://www.dlib.org/dlib/november15/11inbrief.html

Ontology Design Patterns (ODPs)

Plan A: Reuse

PlanB: Follow established Ontology Design Patterns

- ODP's- effort to establish modularized *patterns* for reuse to enable easier alignment with other models and combat anti-patterns
- Lack of trust in the sustainability of the ontology maintainers
- Lack of trust in the versioning practices by ontology maintainers

Related Links

- Website: http://ontologydesignpatterns.org/wiki/Main_Page
 - ISWC Workshop: http://ontologydesignpatterns.org/wiki/WOP:2017
- ODP google group, https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/ontology-design-patterns

Ontology Design Patterns (ODPs)

List of patterns: http://ontologydesignpatterns.org/wiki/Community:ListPatterns

These are lists for available ODP catalogues.

Submissions

This area aims at collecting Ontology Design Pattern proposals from ODP users.

After the author has finished the submission and asked for a review, the proposals are assigned to at least two members of the ODP Quality Committee, who are expected to provide a review.

Positive reviews can be accompanied with guidelines for fixing possible problems of the proposed Content OP.

Once such problems have been addressed, the proposed Content OP can be certified and published in the official catalogue.

See the submissions list:

- Content ODPs
- Reengineering ODPs
- Alignment ODPs
- Logical ODPs
- Architectural ODPs
- Lexico-Syntactic ODPs

	Catalogue	Submissions	All
Content ODPs	0	147	147
Reengineering ODPs	0	12	12
Alignment ODPs	0	14	14
Logical ODPs	0	18	18
Architectural ODPs	0	1	1
Lexico-Syntactic ODPs	0	20	20

Content ODPs

• List of patterns: http://ontologydesignpatterns.org/wiki/Community:ListPatterns

These are lists for available ODP catalogues.

Submissions

This area aims at collecting Ontology Design Pattern proposals from ODP users.

After the author has finished the submission and asked for a review, the proposals are assigned to at least two members of the ODP Quality Committee, who are expected to provide a review.

Positive reviews can be accompanied with guidelines for fixing possible problems of the proposed Content OP.

Once such problems have been addressed, the proposed Content OP can be certified and published in the official catalogue.

See the submissions list:

- Content ODPs
- Reengineering ODPs
- Alignment ODPs
- Logical ODPs
- Architectural ODPs
- Lexico-Syntactic ODPs

	Catalogue	Submissions	All
Content ODPs	0	147	147
Reengineering ODPs	0	12	12
Alignment ODPs	0	14	14
Logical ODPs	0	18	18
Architectural ODPs	0	1	1
Lexico-Syntactic ODPs	0	20	20

ODP Example: Parts

Graphical representation

Diagram	
	● Entity ■ hasPart : Entity ■ isPartOf : Entity
	isPartOf : Entity

General description

Name: part of

Submitted by: ValentinaPresutti
Also Known As: part whole

Intent: To represents entities and their parts.

Domains: Parts and Collections

Competency Questions: what is this entity part of?

What are the parts of this entity?

Solution description:

Reusable OWL Building Block: http://www.ontologydesignpatterns.org/cp/owl/partof.owl (493)

Consequences: This Content OP allows designers to represent entities and their parts i.e., part-whole relations,

with transitivity. The temporal aspect of this relations cannot be expressed with this Content OP; in order to solve this issue the time indexed part of Content OP can be used. For an intransitive part-of Content OP see

componency.

Scenarios: Brain and heart are parts of the human body, substantia nigra is part of brain.

Known Uses:

Web References:

Other References:

Examples (OWL files):

http://www.ontologydesignpatterns.org/cp/examples/partof/humanbodyparts.owl ₽

Questions and Answers?

Tour of LOV and ODP's?

Both?