DSpace Positioning

1 Institutional Repository Platform
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5 Learning Object Repository (LOR)
6 Digital Preservation System
7 Web Content Management System (WCMS)

This page presents an attempt to document which platforms DSpace is often compared with and what particular strengths and weaknesses are.

Institutional Repository Platform

DSpace is most known as a turnkey platform for building institutional repositories.

Examples of DSpace used as an Institutional Repository include:

- World Bank Open Knowledge Repository
- Digital Access to Scholarship at Harvard
- DSpace@MIT
- BORA at Bergen University College

In the open source realm DSpace is often compared with:

- Eprints
- Fedora
  - In combination with Drupal and Islandora: Example
- Invenio by CERN

In the commercial realm DSpace is often compared with:

- Innovative (formerly VTLS) VITAL
- Digital Commons

Features that make DSpace strong in this area:

- Dublin Core metadata support
- Customizable workflows, submission forms that can be defined on a per collection basis
- OAI-PMH
- Embargo, licensing and other access control features
- Very good Google Scholar indexing results
- OpenAIRE compliancy

External articles about DSpace in this area:

- ...

Digital Collection Management

Without adhering to a particular definition, usage of DSpace as a digital collection management system is generally less document centric and can embody collections of all kinds of digital assets. In this use case, rich user interfaces and support to render particular types of content directly in the browser are important.

Examples of DSpace used as a Digital Collection Management System include:

- Pandektis
- Windmusic
- Pittsburgh Symphony Archives
- State Library of Massachusetts Archives
  - With over 700,000 items, one of the largest public installations of DSpace in terms of item count.

In the open source realm DSpace is often compared with:

- Greenstone
- Omeka

In the commercial realm DSpace is often compared with:

- ContentDM
- IntraLibrary
- Digitool

Current Research Information System (CRIS)
The overlap between DSpace and the realm of CRIS systems comes from the fact that publications, usually stored in DSpace, are important objects in a CRIS system. The overall concept of a CRIS system is broader and encompasses rich objects for staff, projects, grants etc. DSpace-CRIS extends the data model of DSpace to manage entities and attributes, with their reciprocal links, that represent research information and populate the research domain according to the CERIF standard.

- **DSpace-CRIS extension**

In the open source realm DSpace is often compared with:

- **VIVO** (a software and an ontology for representing scholarship)
- **JResearch** in conjunction with Joomla

In the commercial realm DSpace is often compared with:

- **Symplectic Elements**
- **PURE** from Elsevier
- **Converis** from Thomson Reuters

### Data Repository

In recent years, DSpace is increasingly being used to store research data.

Examples of DSpace as a data repository:

- **Dryad**
- **Edinburgh DataShare**
- **Data Repository for the University of Minnesota**
- **University of Exeter ORE: 15TB dataset, chunked into 20GB files, in a single DSpace item.**

Features that make DSpace strong in this area:

- Persistent URLs and unique identifiers
- Item and bitstream versioning
- Checksum generation and verification
- Bitstream format registry
- Integration with CKAN for data visualization and M2M streaming for data analysis
- OpenAIRE compliancy

External articles about DSpace in this area:

- **Edinburgh DataShare: Tackling research data in a DSpace institutional repository**
- **Guidelines for Research Dataset Contributions in DSpace@MIT**
- **Plugging the BIG DATA Gap in DSpace using SWORD and Globus**

### Learning Object Repository (LOR)

Examples of DSpace as a Learning Object Repository:

- **Open Educational Resources at the African Virtual University**
- **University of Nottingham Open Courseware**
- **OER UC Louvain**

External articles about DSpace in this area:

- **Seminar "Learning Object Repositories with DSpace"**
- **Building an Open Social Learning Community Around a DSpace Repository on Statistics**

Features that make DSpace strong in this area:

- Ingestion and Exporting in different packaging formats (AIP, but potentially IMS, SCORM, ...)

### Digital Preservation System

Digital preservation systems intend to safeguard assets for the long term.

Commercial Digital Preservation systems

- **Tessella**

Features that make DSpace strong in this area:
Web Content Management System (WCMS)

Wait? DSpace is not a CMS, right? Because of its user interfaces and pages for collections, communities, in combination with good search and browse functionality, DSpace has been preferred in some usecases compared to more traditional CMS systems. Another reason to include web content management systems here is because some users contemplate building repository functionality and specific metadata support into their WCMS platforms.

Open Source content management systems

- Drupal and the Bibliography Module
- Wordpress
- Joomla and JSpace and JSolr extensions

Commercial web content management systems

- MS Sharepoint

Features that make DSpace strong in this area:

- Search features and faceted browsing
- Neatly formatted item pages