Autocomplete functionality on JSPUI advanced search form

Using jquery and jquery-ui libraries we'll try to setup the autocomplete functionality on every textbox of advanced search page, we'll take advantage of Discovery Solr cores to add an additional search core for JSPUI.

Note: This implementation will display only words or partial words when using autocomplete funcionality. JSPUI interface indexes fields by splitting them into words and removing some suffixes, this is bad for searching full text terms like author names. In a future section I will describe how to set custom text indexers like "full text" to our fields in JSPUI.

Once finished our textboxes must work like this:

Buscar: Todo	 Otras colecciones
Tipo de búsqueda: Tema	Buscar por: asd Ω
Y 💌 Palabra clave 💌	asdf
Y 💌 Palabra clave 💌	asdf5
	asdf4
	asdf3 asdf6
	asd f3α
	asdfg
	asdf7
	mpiar

Administrators that use XMLUI interface will notice that Discovery functionality strongly increases searching and browsing by the use of layered navigation and textbox autocomplete among others. To achieve these goals an Apache Solr search server is deployed in [dspace-source]/dspace/solr to take care of all guery-reponse handling.

JSPUI interface use an Apache Lucene Directory (located on [dspace]/search) to search and browse by, but it leaks of previously mentioned functionalities.

We'll use a servlet class to query a SOLR core to generate JSON responses, this responses will be wired to textboxes with autocomplete functionality. Here is a simple diagram of this dataflow.



First steps: Preparing JSPUI advanced search page

First of all we'll add jquery and jquery-ui libraries to advanced search .jsp page. This libraries have the necessary code to implement autocomplete behavior. We can add them on head section of advanced search page [dspace-source]/dspace-jspui/dspace-jspui-webapp/src/main/webapp/search /advanced.jsp, or use a on/off switch approach to attach them as described on Adding jQuery (or other script library) support on JSPUI. In this manual we'll use second approach because it's the fastest way to disable scriptaculous libraries to avoid colliding with jquery (both use the same notation \$ for calling functions).

We'll edit [dspace-source]/dspace-jspui/dspace-jspui-webapp/src/main/webapp/search/advanced.jsp

advanced.jsp

```
. . .
<%
 //Add this code on top section
 //Generate JSPUI Solr path url
 String scheme = request.getScheme();
                                                                                                  // http
 String serverName = request.getServerName();
                                                                                                 //request.getServerName();
                                                                                                                                                               // hostname.com
 int serverPort = request.getServerPort();
                                                                                                  // 80
 String parentContextPath = "";
                                                                                                  //Change this value if dspace not installed on html root
folder
 String contextPath = "/jspui";
 String servletPath = "/searchJSON";
 // Reconstruct original requesting URL
 StringBuffer url = new StringBuffer();
 url.append(scheme).append("://").append(serverName);
 if (serverPort != 80)
 url.append(":").append(serverPort);
url.append(parentContextPath).append(contextPath).append(servletPath);
String solrPath = url.toString();
응>
. . .
<dspace:layout locbar="nolink" titlekey="jsp.search.advanced.title" scriptaculous="off" jquery="on">
<script type="text/javascript" src="<%=request.getContextPath()%>/static/js/autocomplete.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></scrept></script></sc
<script type="text/javascript">
window.onload = function() {
    monkeyPatchAutocomplete();
     replaceSAXExpression('<%=solrPath %>', 10,'tfield1', 'tquery1');
     replaceSAXExpression('<%=solrPath %>', 10,'tfield2', 'tquery2');
     replaceSAXExpression('<%=solrPath %>', 10,'tfield3', 'tquery3');
}
</script>
. . .
<!-- Add id field and onchange event call for every search combobox, add id field on search textbox too-->
<select name="fieldl" id="tfieldl" onchange="JavaScript:replaceSAXExpression('<%=solrPath%>', 10 ,'tfieldl',
'tquery1');">
<input type="text" name="query1" id="tquery1" value="<%=StringEscapeUtils.escapeHtml(query1)%>" size="30" />
. . .
<select name="field2" id="tfield2" onchange="JavaScript:replaceSAXExpression('<%=solrPath%>', 10 ,'tfield2',
tauerv2'); ">
<input type="text" name="query2" id="tquery2" value="<%=StringEscapeUtils.escapeHtml(query2)%>" size="30"/>
. . .
<select name="field3" id="tfield3" onchange="JavaScript:replaceSAXExpression('<%=solrPath%>', 10 ,'tfield3',
'tquery3');">
<input type="text" name="query3" id="tquery3" value="<%=StringEscapeUtils.escapeHtml(query3)%>" size="30"/>
```

Adding javascript functions

It's time to create a javascript library file that will contain a pair of functions. First one will patch autocomplete default behavior and will bold every part of result text that match our typed words. Second one will replace SAX expression used in autocomplete textbox everytime we change select value (we must search by other index). It will reside in [dspace-source]/dspace-jspui/dspace-jspui-webapp/src/main/webapp/static/js/autocomplete.js

autocomplete.js

```
/**
* Functions used on advanced search page
* /
function monkeyPatchAutocomplete() {
   // don't really need this, but in case I did, I could store it and chain
   var oldFn = $.ui.autocomplete.prototype._renderItem;
    $.ui.autocomplete.prototype._renderItem = function( ul, item){
           var term = this.term.split(' ').join('|');
           var re = new RegExp("(" + term + ")", "gi") ;
           var t = item.label.replace(re,"<b>$1</b>");
           return $( "" )
           .data( "item.autocomplete", item )
           .append( "<a>" + t + "</a>" )
           .appendTo( ul );
    };
}
function replaceSAXExpression(baseUrl , limit ,fieldName, fieldText){
       var field = $('#'+ fieldName).val();
       $('#' + fieldText).val('');
       $('#' + fieldText).autocomplete({
               source: function( request, response ) {
                        $.ajax({
                               url: baseUrl +"/terms?terms=true&terms.limit=" + limit + "&terms.
sort=count&terms.regex.flag=case_insensitive&terms.fl=" + field + "&terms.regex=.*" + request.term + ".
*&wt=json",
                                dataType: "json",
                                data: {
                                        style: "full",
                                        maxRows: 5,
                                       name_startsWith: request.term,
                                },
                                success: function( data ) {
                                         response( $.map( data.terms[field], function( item ) {
                                                if(!$.isNumeric(item)){
                                                        return{
                                                            label: item,
                                                            value: "\"" + item + "\"",
                                                 }
                                         }else {
                                                 return null;
                                         }
                                 }
                                ));}
                       });
                },
                minLength: 1,
                select: function( event, ui ) {
               },
                open: function() {
                        $( this ).removeClass( "ui-corner-all" ).addClass( "ui-corner-top" );
                },
               close: function() {
                        $( this ).removeClass( "ui-corner-top" ).addClass( "ui-corner-all" );
                }
       });
}
```

Now we must create a new SOLR core inside [dspace-source]/solr directory. To do so we'll use one of the existing cores and copy it's structure with this command:

```
bash$ cp -R [dspace-source]/dspace/solr/search [dspace-source]/dspace/solr/searchJSPUI
bash$ mkdir [dspace-source]/dspace/solr/searchJSPUI/data
bash$ mkdir [dspace-source]/dspace/solr/searchJSPUI/data/index
```

Edit [dspace-source]/dspace/solr/solr.xml and add one extra line with our new search core.

```
<cores adminPath="/admin/cores">
  <core name="search" instanceDir="search" />
  <core name="statistics" instanceDir="statistics" />
  <core name="searchJSPUI" instanceDir="searchJSPUI" /> <!-- Add this line-->
</cores>
```

Overwrite new solr core configuration file [dspace-source]/dspace/solr/searchJSPUI/conf/schema.xml with this file schema.xml to handle lucene indexes generated by JSPUI.

If no modification to search indexes has been done on dspace.cfg file this configuration file will be enough.

If we have added new search fields we must add them to schema.xml file in order to be accessible by SOLR and allow autocomplete funcionality. Example in schema.xml:

```
<field name="publisher" type="text" indexed="true" stored="true" /> <!-- field must have the same name value as we defined in search index in dspace.cfg -->
```

Then we'll edit [dspace-source]/dspace/config/dspace.cfg and modify default JSPUI search index folder:

```
# Where to put search index files
search.dir = ${dspace.dir}/solr/searchJSPUI/data/index
```

So now our SOLR core is set up, new uploaded items indexes will be stored inside it's data folder. Proceed with next step:

Creating SearchJSONServlet.java

package org.dspace.app.webui.servlet;

Now we'll create the servlet responsible of reading autocomplete petitions and reponse with solr JSON structures. We could ommit this intermediate class but solr it's blocked from external querys due to security concerns, so this inner class will act as a bridge from client browser querys and internal solr server. We'll create [dspace-source]/dspace-jspui/dspace-jspui-api/src/main/java/org/dspace/app/webui/servlet/SearchJSONServlet.java class and then will fill it's content with this code:

SearchJSONServlet.java

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.net.URL;
import java.net.URLConnection;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import javax.xml.transform.stream.StreamResult;
import org.apache.log4j.Logger;
import org.dspace.authorize.AuthorizeException;
```

```
import org.dspace.core.Context;
public class SearchJSONServlet extends DSpaceServlet
{
private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
/** log4j category */
private static Logger log = Logger.getLogger(SearchJSONServlet.class);
 /**
* Create an DSpaceServlet Servlet
*/
public SearchJSONServlet()
super();
}
protected void doDSPost(Context context, HttpServletRequest request,
HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException,
SQLException, AuthorizeException
{
doDSGet(context, request, response);
}
protected void doDSGet(Context context, HttpServletRequest request,
HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException,
SQLException, AuthorizeException
String pathString = request.getPathInfo();
String queryString = request.getQueryString();
//Build localhost solr query path
String scheme = request.getScheme();
                                                 // http
String serverName = "127.0.0.1";
                                                 // Solr can only be accessed from localhost
                                                 // 80
int serverPort = request.getServerPort();
String contextPath = "/solr";
String servletPath = "/searchJSPUI";
String parentContextPath = "";
                                                //Change this value if your dspace installation is not on base
web server directory
StringBuffer url = new StringBuffer();
url.append(scheme).append("://").append(serverName);
if (serverPort != 80)
url.append(":").append(serverPort);
url.append(parentContextPath).append(contextPath).append(servletPath);
url.append(pathString + "?");
url.append(queryString);
String solrPath = url.toString();
//Get response from solr server and send it as servlet reponse
StringBuilder jsonResponse = new StringBuilder();
URL sorlURL = new URL(solrPath);
URLConnection solrConnection = sorluRL.openConnection();
BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(solrConnection.getInputStream()));
String inputLine;
while ((inputLine = in.readLine()) != null)
jsonResponse.append(inputLine + "\n");
in.close();
StreamResult result = new StreamResult(response.getOutputStream());
response.setHeader("Content-Length", String.valueOf(jsonResponse.length()));
response.getOutputStream().flush();
byte[] buf = jsonResponse.toString().getBytes();
response.setContentLength(buf.length);
ServletOutputStream servletOut = response.getOutputStream();
servletOut.write(buf);
}
}
```

This code captures input query string and builds a conformant SOLR query string that is send to SOLR server, it's reponse it's directly returned via result variable to reponse output stream.

Now we'll link our new servlet with it's appropriate url, to do so we we'll add this lines in [dspace-source]/dspace-jspui/dspace-jspui-webapp/src/main /webapp/WEB-INF/web.xml

web.xml
<servlet></servlet>
<pre><servlet-name>searchJSON</servlet-name></pre>
<pre><servlet-class>org.dspace.app.webui.servlet.SearchJSONServlet</servlet-class></pre>
<pre><servlet-mapping></servlet-mapping></pre>
<pre><servlet-name>searchJSON</servlet-name></pre>
<url-pattern>/searchJSON/*</url-pattern>

Check results

After we package and install our modified version of JPSUI interface in our webserver, we will check a pair aspects to be sure everthing works as expected.

First we'll browse locally to http://127.0.0.1/solr/ or http://127.0.0.1:8080/solr/ (depending on your webserver port and configuration) and there must appear three SOLR cores as hyperlinks:

- 1. search
- 2. statistics
- 3. searchJSPUI.

Note: If there's no desktop environment installed on your server you can use "links" package to browse it on text mode or even use "curl" program to send http request to our web server.

We'll click on last one and try to access it's admin webpage and then to schema browser, there must be three categories on left column bar: fields, dynamic fields and field types.

Other possible scenarios

If this modification is done over a running instance with data in it we must follow this steps after run "ant update":

• Verify that running dspace.cfg contains this configuration line:

```
search.dir = ${dspace.dir}/solr/searchJSPUI/data/index
```

• run an index rebuild to populate [dspace]/solr/searchJSPUI/data/index folder with current search indexes (recommended) or copy them directly from [dspace]/search