Creating a custom theme

- Overview
 - O What can it do for you?
 - Before and After
 - O What do you need to know?
 - Getting started
- The structure of pages in VIVO
- Some significant templates
- Making changes
 - Modify files in the theme
 - Add files to the theme
 - Add CSS, JavaScript, or image files
 - Add Freemarker templates
 - Override files that are not in the theme directory
 - Override CSS, JavaScript or image files that are not in the theme directory
 - Override Freemarker templates that are not in the theme directory
 - Working on the theme
 - When to restart Tomcat

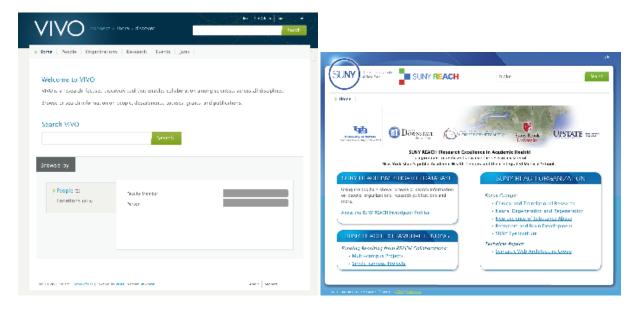
Create your own "brand" for VIVO. Change colors, logo, headings, footers, and more.

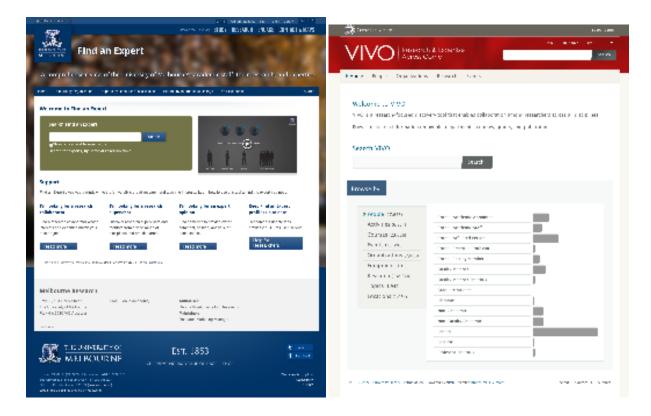
Overview

What can it do for you?

Change the "look and feel" of your VIVO installation. Change the styling, the images, the layout, the text, and more. Modify the header and footer on all pages.

Before and After





What do you need to know?

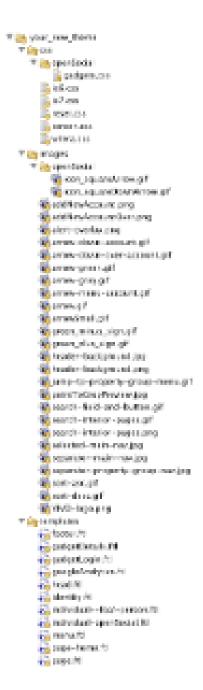
- Standard web-site technologies: HTML, CSS and maybe JavaScript.
- Something about the Freemarker template engine.
- Where the theme files are stored in VIVO, and how to reference them.

Getting started

VIVO comes with a standard theme, called Wilma. Copy the theme into a new directory in the VIVO source tree, and give it a name.



Your new theme will contain CSS files, image files, and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Freemarker}}$ templates.



This image is from VIVO release 1.5.1 – the exact contents of your theme may be different.

Run the Ant build to deploy your new theme to the Tomcat container. Restart the VIVO Tomcat process. You can then go to the *Site Admin* page and choose *Site Information*, to select your theme as the current one.

Site Information

Editing Existing Record Site name (max 50 characters) VIVO Contact email address contact form submissions will be sent to this address Theme witro Copyrig wilma VIVO Project Copyright URL copyright text links to this URL Save changes Cancel

The structure of pages in VIVO

The pages in VIVO are built around three different frameworks. Each of these uses the same header and footer, to provide consistency. In addition to including the header and footer, the pages frequently include smaller templates to provide detail.

These are the basic frameworks:

The home page	As the point of entry for VIVO, the home page is special. It is based on the Freemarker template page-home.ftl
All other public pages	Based on the Freemarker template page.ftl
"back-end" pages	Pages used for editing the ontology, or manipulating the raw data of VIVO are based on a JSP named basicPage.jsp

Some significant templates

page.ftl

page.ftl is the default base template. The rest of the theme templates listed are components of page.ftl (included either directly or indirectly). Closer inspection of page.ftl reveals a stripped down file that declares minimal markup itself and instead reads as a list of includes for the component templates.

There are still page in VIVO which are not constructed entirely in FreeMarker. Breaking down the base template into components allows consistent markup to be used for any page rendered by the application, no matter how the page is constructed.

On the VIVO home page, page-home.ftl is used instead of page.ftl. It serves much the same purpose, but allows you to create a different layout for your home page than for the other pages in VIVO.

Once the transition is complete in a future VIVO release and all pages are rendered entirely using FreeMarker templates, the restrictions on page.ftl will be lifted and the preference on whether the base template should be broken down into smaller component templates will be left to the theme developer. Until that time, it is critical that the following components be maintained:

head.ftl

This component template is responsible for everything within the <head> element. Note that the open and closing tags for the <head> element are defined in page.ftl and wrap the include for head.ftl. There are several includes within head.ftl that should be carried over to any new theme to maintain expected functionality:

- <#include "stylesheets.ftl"> ensures that the necessary stylesheets called by templates downstream will be added to the page via <link> elements

identity.ftl

This component template is responsible for rendering the VIVO logo, secondary navigation and search input field at the top of the page. There are no mandatory includes from identity.ftl that need to be carried over but there are 2 template variables that are of particular interest ($\{user\}$ and $\{urls\}$).

menu.ftl

This component template is responsible for rendering the primary navigational menu for the site. In wilma, it also happens to declare the open tag for the main content container. There are no mandatory includes from menu.ftl. The \${menu}\$ template variable is crucial since it contains an array of menu items needed to build the primary navigational menu.

footer.ftl

This component template is responsible for rendering the copyright notice, revision information, secondary navigation, and link for the contact form. There is a single include that should be maintained:

<#include "scripts.ftl"> - ensures that the non head scripts (those that don't need to be placed in the <head>) called by the templates will be added to the page via <script> elements

Several template variables of interest include $\{copyright\}, \{user\}, and \{version\}.$

googleAnalytics.ftl

This component template is primarily intended for the 7 partner institutions on the NIH grant, but it is available for anyone who is interested in using Google Analytics to track visits to a VIVO installation. It is included by footer.ftl. Simply uncomment the <script> element and provide your Google Analytics Tracking Code.

Adjust the markup as necessary in page.ftl and these component templates to achieve the desired content structure, and modify the stylesheets to meet layout needs and style your site. Remember that changes should be made in the source directory and that you will need to redeploy the project before the changes are reflected in the live website.

For more information about VIVO and web analytics, see VIVO Web Analytics.

You can find more information about the structure of the VIVO theme in How VIVO creates a page.

Making changes

Modify files in the theme

You can edit the Freemarker templates and the CSS files in the theme with any text editor. You can replace the image files with images that you choose.

Add files to the theme

Add CSS, JavaScript, or image files

As you modify the templates, you may want to use additional images, CSS files, or JavaScript files. When your templates refer to these files, they will use the Freemarker variable urls.theme, as shown in these examples:

```
<!-- an image file -->
<img src="${urls.theme}/images/arrow-green.gif"/>

<!-- a CSS file -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="${urls.theme}/css/screen.css" />

<!-- a JavaScript file (create a js directory in your theme) -->
<script type="text/javascript" src="${urls.theme}/js/my.js"></script>
```

Add Freemarker templates

If your modifications use new Freemarker templates, you can refer to them more simply. Freemarker already knows where your theme directory is located.

```
<#include "my-new-template.ftl">
```

Override files that are not in the theme directory

In order to keep the theme directory uncluttered, VIVO keeps most of the front-end files in a separate location. Changes to the theme usually involve the files in the theme directory, but you can override other files as well.

Override CSS, JavaScript or image files that are not in the theme directory

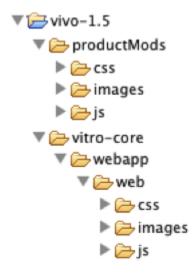
You may notice that templates refer to files that are not in the theme directory. They use references based on the Freemarker variable urls.base instead of urls.theme, like this:

```
<!-- an image file -->
<img src="${urls.base}/images/arrowIcon.gif"/>

<!-- a CSS file -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="${urls.base}/css/login.css" />

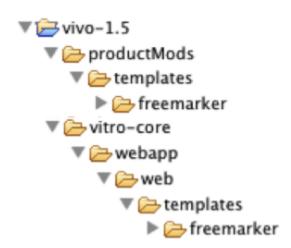
<!-- a JavaScript file -->
<script type="text/javascript" src="${urls.base}/js/browserUtils.js"></script>
```

These refer to files in the vitro-core/webapp/web directory, which you can override in the vivo/productMods directory. If you look, you will see that vivo/productMods already contains some files that override those in vitro/webapp/web. This is because VIVO itself is a customization of Vitro.



Override Freemarker templates that are not in the theme directory

Like adding templates, overriding templates is simplified. You can override a file in vitro-core/webapp/web/templates/freemarker, or one of its sub-directories, by creating a file with the same name and path under vivo/productMods/templates/freemarker.



But VIVO treats all available Freemarker templates as belonging to the same flat namespace, whether they are in the theme directory or in the templates /freemarker directory, or one of its sub-directories. So a file named vitro-core/webapp/web/templates/freemarker/page/partials /footer.ftl can be overridden by a file called footer.ftl in the theme directory.

And it is.

When you make changes to VIVO, you should make the changes in your VIVO distribution directory, run the build script, restart Tomcat, and test the changes. If you are doing full customizing of VIVO, this cycle might be best. If you are only working on the theme, you can speed things up.

- Tell the build script to skip the unit tests: they don't test the theme.
 - o ant deploy -Dskiptests=true
- Don't restart Tomcat.
 - VIVO always serves the most recent version of CSS files, image files, and JavaScript files. You don't need to restart Tomcat to make that happen.
 - However, your browser may cache these files so you won't see the most recent version. Here are some suggestions for bypassing your browser cache.
- Tell VIVO to reload Freemarker templates each time they are requested.
 - By default, VIVO will wait one minute before checking for a change in a Freemarker template.
 - In VIVO 1.5.2 or before, add this to deploy.properties: Environment.build=development
 - In VIVO 1.6, add this to build.properties: developer.defeatFreemarkerCache=true
 - In VIVO 1.6.1 or later, use The Developer Panel to defeat the Freemarker cache.
 - O This is not a good idea for your production VIVO instance only for developing your theme.

Some developers prefer to make theme changes inside the tomcat/webapp/vivo directory. This eliminates the need to run the build script, but opens the threat of having the changes over-written the next time the build script runs.

When to restart Tomcat

If you make changes to any of the runtime.properties or to any of the RDF files in your VIVO home directory, you must restart Tomcat in order to see the effect of the changes.

If you make changes to any of the Java code, you must run the build script and restart Tomcat.

If you make changes to any of the source files in the theme, including images, CSS, JavaScript or Freemarker templates, you must run the build script, but you do not need to restart Tomcat.