

# Metadata for all DSpace objects

Since DSpace 5, all DSpace objects (bitstream, bundle, item, collection, community, site, group, eperson) can have metadata (in DSpace 4 and earlier, this applied only to items). The advantage is that such metadata can have a flexible schema, which can be changed dynamically (e.g. from the administration web interface), without altering the underlying database schema (DDL). This will allow an easy implementation of future changes like:

- collection/community names in multiple languages
- bundles could be implemented as metadata on bitstreams
- arbitrary metadata for authors (if authors are made into a first-class object)

All metadata has the following form: namespace.element.qualifier = value

This page outlines the changes to the database schema between DSpace 4 and DSpace 5 that reflect this change. The terms object, resource and entity are used interchangeably.

## Changes

A consequence of the implementation of Metadata on all DSpace objects is that most entity (e.g. bitstream, eperson, ...) attributes (e.g. ) moved into the [metadatavalue table](#).

e.g.:

### DSpace 4

```
SELECT lastname FROM eperson;
```

is now:

### DSpace 5

```
SELECT text_value FROM metadatavalue
WHERE metadata_field_id =
  (SELECT metadata_field_id
   FROM metadatafieldregistry mfr, metadataschemaregistry msr
   WHERE mfr.metadata_schema_id = msr.metadata_schema_id
   AND short_id = 'eperson'
   AND element = 'lastname'
   AND qualifier IS NULL
);
```

Column names like item\_id or community\_id have been mostly replaced with the tuple (resource\_id, resource\_type\_id) where resource\_type\_id is a [constant](#) specifying object type:

constant	object type
0	bitstream
1	bundle
2	item
3	collection
4	community
5	site
6	group
7	eperson

**So for example, a search to list all publication titles would be:**

```
SELECT text_value FROM metadatavalue
JOIN handle as h ON h.resource_id = metadatavalue.dspace_object_id
WHERE metadata_field_id =
  (SELECT metadata_field_id
   FROM metadatafieldregistry mfr, metadataschemaregistry msr
   WHERE mfr.metadata_schema_id = msr.metadata_schema_id
   AND short_id = 'dc'
   AND element = 'title'
   AND qualifier IS NULL
  )
AND resource_type_id=2;
```

## Example change

Example eperson table in DSpace 4 (simplified to show only relevant parts):

eperson_id	firstname	lastname
1001	John	Smith
1002	Jane	Doe

Example eperson and metadatavalue tables in DSpace 5 (simplified to show only relevant parts):

eperson:

eperson_id
1001
1002

metadatavalue:

resource_type_id	resource_id	metadata_field_id	text_value
7	1001	123	John
7	1001	124	Smith
7	1002	123	Jane
7	1002	124	Doe

## See also

Unable to locate Jira server for this macro. It may be due to Application Link configuration.

Relevant DB schema changes: [v3.0\\_2014.09.20\\_\\_DS-1562\\_Metadata\\_for\\_All\\_Objects.sql](#)

DSpace 5 DB schema: [Storage Layer#RDBMS/DatabaseStructure](#)